consultant to consultant. A survey was sent to all staff after the 12 weeks enquiring how it affected morale, the treatment of critically ill patients and how much sick leave was taken in this period. Fifty of sixty people responded to the survey.

Results Over 12 weeks not a single day of sick leave or isolation was taken. 84% of responders felt the watch system improved morale. 90% agreed it improved the treatment for critically ill patients. 88% want to return to the Watch system if a second wave of COVID-19 occurred. 86% agreed it improved communication and teamwork. 96% agreed the presence of a senior doctor 24h/day had a positive effect on the running of the department.

Conclusion A watch based system improved patient and staff safety whilst simultaneously improving staff morale and teamwork during the first wave of COVID-19 at Jersey General Hospital.

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100 MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH DIABETIC RETINOPATHY

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Aim The purpose of this study is to audit compliance against recommended guidelines for follow-up of patients with DR by the Diabetic Retinopathy Screening Service at the Church Road Health Practice in East London. Comparison is made...