Source (First Author, Year)	Setting	Learner Number	Learner Type	Intervention Length	Intervention Description	Teaching Methods	Educational Content	Main findings by Kirkpatrick level	JBI Score	MERSQI Score
Higher Reliability Studies (MEF Boyle, 2004 [1]	RSQI) Two US ICUs	10	3 Physicians 7 Nurses	8 months	6 externally provided modules, total 23.5hrs	Learning activities, small group skill practice, problem-solving sessions, feedback and reinforcement of skills, assignment, assessments, feedback	Leadership, communication, coordination, problem solving/conflict management, and team culture	 Leaders reported increased satisfaction with their own communication and leadership skills Communication skills of ICU nurse and physiclan leaders improved significantly in simulation (from 57 to 75/100). Relationship skills remained high (77-78/100). Reported increased problem-solving between groups and decreased personal stress in one of the sites. 	n/a	16
Parsons, 2018 [2]	Single US hospital residency	14	Residents (Emergency Medicine)	4 days	4 days of simulation scenarios	Introductory didactic presentation followed by a series of 6 simulation scenarios and structured debriefs.	Crew Resource Management (CRM)	D the sites. 2b. Each team showed an overall gradual improvement in CRM skills compared to the preceding teams, suggesting that observational learning of CRM was effective in this setting. 3b. Large but not significant increases in all objective measures of leadership, problem solving, situational awareness, resource utilisation, communication, and overall crisis resource management score (overall 2.75/7 to overall 6.0/7). Very low number of teams (4) caused lack of significance (4)	n/a	14.5
Cooper, 2001 [3]	UK advanced life support course	35	Mixed seniority doctors, nurses and technicians	3 day resuscitation course	75-min leadership development seminar	Lectures, videos and discussion groups, home reading	Importance of leadership, behaviours of effective leadership, introversion/extroversion	 Appraisal of the leadership seminar was very positive (mean 4/5) Reported increased confidence in role as a leader Significant improvement over the control group 9/10 items on the leadership observation. Mean increase of 4.33/40 (cf. 2.23 in the control group) 	6	14
Malling, 2009 [4]	Single educational region in Denmark	28	Consultants (Responsible for education)	6 months	Two three-day residential modules and a follow-up day.	Residential modules and followup day. Mandatory assignments.	Pedagogical knowledge, organization of specialist training, educational culture evaluation and quality assurance, planning specialist training in the department, supervision of supervisors, implementation strategies, personal development, leadership in specialist training, research in medical education	 Participants rated the course as beneficial and meeting their expectations (3.2-3.3/4) Technical, administrative and human skills feedback did not improve or differ from the control group. Citizenship behaviours did not improve or differ from the control group 	n/a	14
von Vultée, 2004 [5]	University hospitals in Sweden	52	Specialists, senior physicians, heads of departments	1 year	Three programs, including mentor programs, management networks, and lectures held across 1 year; no details on number, duration, or allocation to programs	Mentoring/Networking/Lectures	NR	2a. No significant differences in self-reported well-being, self- esteem, mental energy, influence, authority, efficiency, assessed using elements of the quality, work, competence tool (data not provided) 2b. No significant differences in self-reported skills development, self-esteem, mental energy or work-related exhaustion 3a. No significant differences in influence, authority, participation, feedback, goal clarity or efficiency 3b. No significant difference in senior management positions between program and control 4b. Sick leave increased by 6.9 days per year fewer in intervention group compared to reference group 1.3 days vs. 2 days). POOS	n/a	14
Fassiotto, 2018 [6]	Single US hospital	131	Assistant/associate/full professors	9 months	6 x 1.5 day sessions over 9 months	Interactive teaching methods based on adult earning principles, action learning projects	Personal development as a leader managing people and relationships managing groups and projects managerial finance and accounting understanding the organizational system	1. Positive qualitative feedback about the course 2. Increased perceived institutional support (no Bonferroni) 2b. Self-reported increased understanding of organisational structure esp. Finance 3b. Participants more likely to hold regional or national leadership titles and to have taken on new leadership titles. No significant difference in promotions 4b. Increased retention of female participants	3	13.5
Levine, 2008 [7]	Single US academic medical centre	47	Residents (Chief residents, medicine and surgery)	1 year	Two-day offsite immersion training, project work	Small-group discussions, evidence-based mini-lectures, interactive seminars, one-on- one project mentoring	Management of complex older patients, geriatric principles, giving feedback, approaching the reluctant learner, conflict resolution	Effectiveness of programme rated at 3.69/5 Zb. Reported increased confidence in skills and knowledge in role of chief resident. Knowledge test significantly increased in 2.0 3 years. Significantly increased self-assessed knowledge Sa. Reports of heightened sensitivity to the unique needs of older patients Bight individuals accomplished 100% of their projects, 20/27 completed at least half of the project.	0	13.5
Hopkins, 2018 [8]	Single US hospital network	113	Senior medical leaders and academic faculty. 19 administrators, 94 doctors.	9 months	Six 1.5 day sessions spaced over 9 months	Baseline assessments of their leadership competence, Multi-Source Feedback, Myers Brigg Type Indicator and the Thomas- Klimann Conflict Mode Instrument. Reading materials, assignments, case study, role- play, discussions in dyads, brief reflection and writing assignments, responses to video wignettes, brainstorming, and small group problem-solving assignments, with minimal emphasis on didacti lectures. Project work	Personal development as a leader Managing propie and relationships Managing roups and projects Managerial finance and accounting Understanding the organizational system	 Programme rated 4.5/5 overall Programme rated 4.5/5 overall Programme rated 4.5/5 overall Significant improvements in self-reported attitudes Significant improvements in self-reported knowledge and skills Self-reported significant improvement in effectiveness as a leaders and power and influence 100% of participants completed their projects. Significant opeciest achieved HII level 3 (moderate improvement in process measures) with 22% of these attaining level 4 (significant improvement in outcomes measures). 	n/a	13.5
Dannels, 2008 [9]	Single US university executive education programme	78	Female academic medical faculty (associate or full professor level)	1 year	Executive leadership development program for senior female faculty	Executive leadership education	Not specified	 Aspiration to higher leadership position inside an academic health centre decreased; In all eight leadership composites, the exposure group mean (based on a seven-point scale) was slightly but significantly greater than the means in both the control groups. (average 0.2/7 increase) A higher percentage of participants have achieved leadership positions 4b. Promotion of increased number of female readuates achieved 	n/a	13
Orme, 2019 [10]	Single UK hospital trust	425	Consultants and senior healthcare professionals and managers	12 months	12 months with 5 workshop days spread over 6 months	Five face-to-face delivery days, ongoing tele-phone coaching and the use of a benchmarked 360-degree profile. Project work. Interactive sessions. 3 days, then 1 day after 3 months, then 1 day after 6 months. Support via coaching between. 360 repeats at 12	Not well reported: influence, behaviours, team behaviours, finances. From website: execution, people management, evaluation and feedback	1. Evaluation using the net promotor score gave 92% score (promotors-detractors/total) 2a. Reports of improved softlaence 2b. Reports of improved softlaence 3c. Reports of improved softla and techniques, self-awareness and other-awareness. 3a. Reports of improvement in delegation skills, trust. Corroboration with interview questionnaire 3b. Multi source feedback showed statistically significant improvement in clarifying purpose, with several other categories approaching significance. 4a. Reports of improved state ame effectiveness. 4b. Savings of £3.3 million were identified through the delivery of 11 separate initiatives for a	6	12.5

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Cole, 2017 [11]	Single US hospital department	10	Residents (Anaesthesiology PGY3/4)	2 weeks	2 week operating room management and leadership elective rotation	months Action learning literature reflective learning	Non-technical skills	Return On Investment of 364%. Quality improvements were observed. 3a. Increased "re-evaluates and debriefs", "gathers and actively seeks out information"; "anticipates changing environment" 3b. Increase across a range of metrics measuring teamwork, task management, clinical decision making, situational awareness, as measured by "anaesthetists' non-technical skills" (ants) questionnaire	n/a	12.5
Haftel HM, 2018 [12]	Single US specialty association, 45 sites	49	Paediatric academic faculty	10 months	3 sessions focussing on the individual, their training programme and interaction with others	"highly interactive format", peer mentorship	Professional development, leadership training, administrative skill development.	tansy questionment particular tincrease in leadership of national committees, production of ab. Statistically significant increase in leadership of national workshops and presentation at national platforms.	n/a	12.5
Ten Have, 2013 [13]	Four Dutch ICUs (in Single hospital)	9	Exposure: intensive care fellows Control: experienced intensivists	23 months	I day simulation, group feedback on videoed interdisciplinary rounds. (unclear when this was offered - before or after post-training video)	Multiple learning activities including simulation; small group skill practice and problem-solving sessions; performance feedback and reinforcement of newly learned skills; and a planning assignment for on the job applications.	Leading an interdisciplinary ward round	3b. Participants increased significantly in their performance of 7 of the 10 tasks on the interdisciplinary ward round leadership assessment tool. Post-test, the participants performed these behaviours significantly more frequently than an experienced control group.	n/a	12.5
Gilfoyle, 2007 [14]	Single Canadian residency program (paediatrics)	29	Residents (Paediatrics, PGY1–PGY4)	1/2 day	Half-day workshop	Plenary session followed by two simulated resuscitation scenarios	Tasks required of a leader, effective communication skills within a team, and avoidance of fixation errors	2b. Significantly increased knowledge of tasks and fixation errors, "greater understanding of the concepts of effective leadership and team functioning" 3b. Residents' performance significantly improved from scenario 1 to scenario 2 (63% vs. 82%, pc 0.05). Residents' scores were better during the first scenario of the initial workshop than those during the 6-month workshop who had never previously participated (control). (63% vs. 50% pc 0.05).	n/a	12
LoPresti, 2009 [15]	Four US residency programs	6	Residents (Family Medicine, PGY2)	2 years	60 hours of education in 20 modules.	Lectures, project work, in class exercises.	Leadership, quality improvement, policies, strategy and markets, insurance, finances, professional success, neeotiation	 Mean attendance of 66% Significant but small increase in test scores compared with control group 	n/a	12
Wurster, 2007 [16]	Single US department of surgery	42	Surgical fellows	6 months	Long weekend of didactic study; teamwork on patient safety-related project; monthly conferences; 2 days for lectures and project presentations	Didactic study, group projects with monthly conferences and project presentations and capstone lectures	Ability to understand cognitive processes and group dynamics underlying medical decision making; communication across patient care continuum; implementation of systems approach to patient care	 Reported leadership academy programme was more valuable than other patient safety initiatives Improved attitudes towards leadership roles Increased perceived leadership capability and knowledge across multiple skills and abilities Increased perceived functional skills in 5/8 areas. Increased preparedness to take a leadership role 4b. 1 out of 6 projects fully implemented 	n/a	12
Higher Reliability Studies (JBI Pradarelli, 2016 [17]	tool) Single US hospital department	21	Academic surgeons from assistant to full professor grade	8 months	1 full day per month	Didactic and experiential learning. Case studies, team improvement projects, multi- source feedback, debriefing with executive coach	Leadership, team building, business acumen, and health care context	 Participants reported high levels of satisfaction with the programme, ranked a 8.7/10 (10 being excellent use of their time) Participants felt "not only enabled but also capable of effecting change in their local environments" Participants reported increased self-awareness and increased team-building skills, and improvement of leadership knowledge Participants reported improved ability to foster collaborative relationships, and general 	9	8
Throgmorton, 2016 [18]	US Regional healthcare system	21	Physicians across a range of specialties	10 months	2.5h meetings/month +/- 2-3h of additional learning opportunities	Behavioural style assessment, multisource feedback, coaching, online discussions, online learning resources, team project in small groups	Intra/interpersonal effectiveness; resiliency; coaching; communication; teamwork; change management; business acumen; quality focus	improvement of interactions and networks. 1. Ratings of 4/5 for evaluation of eight content sessions (lowest average 4.3) 2a, 2b. Completing disc assessment, 360 feedback and coach supported development plan 3a. 16/21 participants completed individual development plan; 21/21 completed the everything disc workplace profile 3b. Team presentations completed 4b: 106% entrumo-niverytement calculated from "intaneible henefits"	8	11.5
Bergman, 2009 [19]	Single Swedish hospital	53	Managers (9 physicians, 33 nurses, and 11 other health personnel)	7 week vs 17 months	1: One week intensive course 2: Long-term support group (previously completed intensive) 3. Long-term support group (had not completed intensive)	A one-week course and a long- tern support group. The intensive course consisted of modules using reflection and metre reflection supported by theoretical frameworks. The long tern support group met haif a day once a month for 1 to 2 years, to discuss problems that arise in the everyday work.	Group dynamics, communication, leadership theories	48: Jubs' return-on-investment calculate from "intangible benefits" I. Participants memphasise the importance of the group as a "protected zone" Za. Participants felt that they dared to be clearer. Both groups had improved attitude to leadership roles 3a. Participants from all groups reported using techniques in their workplace and personal lives, participants in the support groups reported exploring ways to handle changes in their work	8	10
Monkhouse, 2018 [20]	National UK programme	111	Doctors (secondary and primary care), nurses, public health professionals, allied health professionals, managers	3-9 months	3-9 month placement in a resource-poor country	Formal training, identification of formal training, identification of learning needs, mentoring, project work with overseas partner	NHS healthcare leadership model, not otherwise specified	 All interviewees agreed that the experience was valuable Increased percentage considering themselves to be leaders after the programme (78% after, 32% before), interviewes reported increased confidence. Increased self-awareness and leadership skills reported in questionnaire. Interviewees reported increased awareness of the leadership skylls of others. A3. 73% reported using their new skills. 13% reported not being able to use their skills. Interviewees reported changes in the way they relate to others. As experted reported changes in the way they relate to others. 	8	8.5
Tsoh JY, 2019 [21]	Single US academic healthcare centre	136	Faculty members perceived to have leadership potential	20 weeks	10 leadership modules over 20 weeks (75 Programme Hours)	Experiential learning NOS	Self-awareness, critical thinking, effective communication, inclusion, collaboration, empowered professionalism	the programme. 1. Programme completion rate is 97.8% 2a. 76.4% of respondents said they developed an improved attitude towards their role and/or job at the university. Qualitative comments indicated improved confidence and aspiration. 2b. 98.6% of respondents reported noticeable changes in leadership skills 3a. 91.7% of respondents reported noticeable changes in leadership skills reported seeking new leadership opportunities.	8	8.5

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								3b. 9.6% of graduates reported a new leadership position; 12.4% of female graduates, 33.3% of underrepresented minority graduates.		
3earman, 2012 [22]	Single Australian residency program (surgery)	12	Residents (Surgical trainees, midlevel across all specialties)	2 days	Two day simulation course	Simulation, peer observations, multi-source feedback, reflection, lectures, videos, scenarios	Patient-centred communication, inter-professional communication, teamwork, leadership and professionalism	 All participants rated the course as good or very good. One third of participants described the communication scenario as "less than useful". All other aspects of the course were considered useful or highly useful. Increased awareness of the broader situation and the value of high-quality communication and teamwork Self-reported achievement of learning objectives including increased knowledge 	8	7.5
arney, 2015 [23]	12 US Primary Care residencies (4 locations)	33	Faculty (Family medicine, internal medicine, Paeds)	6 months	2.5day session with followup over 6 months	Didactic small-group sessions webinars conference calls visits by core faculty	Leadership change management teamwork population management clinical microsystems competency assessment patient-centredness and patient-centred-medical- home principles	 Sent-reported achievement of learning objectives including increases knowledge 1. Participants astisfield 51.5% 94.9%, useful 42.5% 94.8% on 7 topics 2a. 50%-96.7% report intention to implement 	8	7.5
ooper, 2011 [24]	Single US academic medical centre	108	Physicians, nurses, allied health professionals, administrators, managers	1 day	Workshop	Seminar simulation review of data from safety Climate survey team project	Teamwork, patient safety, communication, individual and collective leadership, recognizing difference in perspectives between managers and clinicians, how to speak up to voice concerns, specifically	 Scores for relevance and quality of simulations on questionnaire and free-text comments rated >\$/10. The simulation helped participants recognize problems with speaking up. Gained understanding about shifting from blame to learning oriented leadership, facilitating communication and teamwork, being welcoming rather than defensive, and other self-reflections. 	8	6.5
Agius, 2015 [25]	Single UK deanery	8	Specialty trainees (psych, renal, GUM, ENT)	4 years	Four-year part-time programme to Master's level with academic and vocational components	Diploma/MSc modules Action learning sets Workplace-based projects Shadowing placements Leadership development tools (self-reflection)	MLCF competencies Leadership, policy, organisational development, governance	1 Participants were happy with the course 2a. Participants reported improved confidence and judgement skills 2b. Participants reported invorved leadership skills 3a. Participants reported taking new approaches to their roles 3b. Participants reported new roles 4b. Projects had significant system impact including organisational changes, improved patient experiences, cost savings.	7	10.5
McKimm J, 2019 [26]	National UK programme	145	Residents (Specialty and GP doctors in training)	1 year	Immersive internship out of practice with the most senior personnel in national and healthcare- related organisations	Immersive internship, visits to other host organisations and Parliament, teaching on leadership and management, and action learning sets	Policy development, project management, research and analysis, writing and publishing, professional networking skills.	 Participants overwhelmingly endorse the programme and would recommend it to other trainees. Increased self-confidence as leaders (87% of respondents) and willingness to speak up 2b. Increased understanding of health systems, policy, team working skills with diverse groups, networking Ba. 60% of graduates report being actively involved in service improvements post- programme 48% of graduates reported difficulties transferring their training back to their clinical practice. Bb. 63% of graduates raduates reported difficulties transferring their training back to their clinical practice. Bb. 63% of graduates raduates range of benefits and examples of the impact of fellows' work on their organisations, including financial impact (e.g. income generation, cost savings) and a range of deliverables (e.g. Reports, publications, research studies). 	7	10.5
Cohen, 2017 [27]	Multiple UK health care organizations (London)	69	Consultants (32), Registrars (35), Grade not identified (2)	1 day	Workshop	Lecture-style presentations policy leadership simulation	Background of NHS reform healthcare challenges	 All measures above 4/5 on Likert scales including "I recommend this simulation to colleagues at my professional stage" (4.50) and "I would like to take part in similar simulation events in future". Self-reported "learning from the simulation will help me deliver better long term care to my patients" (4/5) Self-reported increase in understanding of healthcare providers, role of patient organizations, organizational accountability, role of local authorities, financial climate, roles and reponsibilities of commissioners and care providers, role of patient organizations, organizational accountability, role of local authorities, financial climate, roles and reponsibilities of commissioners and care providers), there was a significant improvement in perceived knowledge earces. Capability was the only construct that showed a large and significant change post- simulation. There was a moderate but significant change in behavioural intentions, attitudes and subjective norms postsimulation, although there was no significant stated that their experiences in the crucible simulation and feedback, 22 clinicians stated that their experiences in the crucible simulation function (function of the cadership practice increase in perceived self-efficacy postsimulation (mean score presimulation, 3.87 to postsimulation, 4.08). 	7	10
tuston, 2010 [28]	Single UK deanery	3	Residents (General Practice Specialty Trainees)	4 months	2 days per week for 4 months	Peer learning sets, meetings, project work, reflective diaries	Strategic and contextual issues, commissioning, design and delivery of health care, service redesign, public health agenda, leadership, management and partnership skills.	 All respondents were positive about the value and success of the programme <i>Revidence</i> indicated that the [trainees] had met their core curriculum competencies at the level expected.". Trainees reported gaining an understanding of how good leaders hold a vision of the future and motivate people. All respondents, including observers, reported a marked increase in the trainee knowledge. Increased self-awareness a. Trainees reported using the skills learned during their project work 3b. Observers reported change in trainee behaviour, use of language, and use of skills. Supervisors also reported curicultar barriers and organisational slics being broken down. 	6	10.5
Other Included Studies	Single US hespite!	00	Modical faculty	10 months	69 hours of loars's -	Cominant outpariantial activiti	Emotional intelligence, leadership holas faura		2	11.5
Hackworth J, 2018 [29]	Single US hospital	99	Medical faculty members with supervisory or team leader responsibility	10 months	68 hours of learning over 10 month course. Two one-day seminars, one two- day off-site session, seven monthly four hour meetings, reading assignments.	Seminars, experiential activities, small group discussions, multisource feedback, teambuilding activities, reading	Emotional intelligence, leadership behaviours, leadership foundation skills	 94% of participants would recommend the programme to others, training rated as worthwhile investment (6.7/7) 2a. Statistically significant increased confidence in leadership ability 2b. Statistically significant increase in seeking ways to maximise application of leadership strengths and to overcome leadership limitations 3b. Statistically significant increase in communication of leadership strengths and no confidence as seen by managers 	3	11.5

Source (First Author, Year)	Setting	Learner Number	Learner Type	Intervention Length	Intervention Description	Teaching Methods	Educational Content	Main findings by Kirkpatrick level	JBI Score	MERSQI Score
Al-Mutawa, 2016 [30]	Family medicine residency programme Qatar	39	Residents (family medicine year 1-4)	5 days	5 day practice management workshop	Didactic teaching case studies small group discussions team exercises	Professionalism interpersonal skills practice-based learning and improvement system-based practice	 Increased confidence Increased self-assessed risk management, conflict management, communication skills, time management, ability to write objectives Supervisor-reported increase in effective use of hospital resources, coordination of patient care, patient communication skills 	n/a	11.5
Fernandez, 2016 [31]	Single US college (O&G)	37	Obstetricians (Junior fellows, young physicians, senior fellows, not otherwise specified)	3.5 days	3.5 day national intensive leadership development for O&G physician leaders	Interactive skills-building workshops, series of leadership and psychological assessment tools, including a 360-degree assessment. Formal coach debrief of assessment, small and laree prous sessions	Organisational culture, leading and empowering, communication, motivation, advocacy, media, negotiation skills, health policy	 100% of respondents indicated that they would recommend the course to colleagues 2b. Posttest scores were significantly and meaningfully higher than pretest at the pc < 0001 2b. Posttest scores were significantly and meaningfully higher than pretest at the pc < 0001 2b. Posttest scores were significantly and meaningfully higher than grows at the pc < 0001 2b. Posttest scores were significantly and meaningfully higher than pretest at the pc < 0001 2b. Posttest scores were significantly and differences ranged from 0.8 to 1.81 (5 point scale from unskilled to highly skille) 3a. Respondents requested having used skills learned in their day to day job. 3b. 9/26 respondents had available differences in a new role. 	4	11
Chang, 2019 [32]	Three US healthcare organisations in 24 US states	65	49 Physicians (46 Geriatrics) 1 Dentist 3 Nurses 6 Pharmacists 1 Psychologist 1 Social Worker 1 Speech Pathologist	9 months	55hrs	Intege group assigned Orientation, large-group workshop, two in-person meetings, monthly small group videoconferences disc personality type instrument, 1.1 coaching, structured networking, independent reading and reflection individual leadership project	Adaptive leadership managing reactivity courage and generosity mission, vision, goals disc(r)sasessment motivation and resilience managing transitions influence and persuasion intrinsic and extrinsic rewards stories and advice presentation skills messaging and marketing strategy and stakeholders evaluation design scaling up business case and budget measuring impact project management	36. 5 Job reprinted in the Opinite studies in preportionates in a new role. 1. Mean satisfaction score of 4.86/5 2a. Significant increases in confidence in all sub-domains: self-awareness self-management empathy communication planning and execution (overall mean increased from 5.8/9 to 8.0/9) 2b. Some scholars stated that they gained confidence and skills from the program. 3a. Scholars reported intertionally continuing as a sustaining community of national colleagues after the conclusion of the program, offering peer mentoring, sharing speaking opportunities, and co-authoring manuscripts 3b. Scholars gave 85 presentations and published 63 manuscripts, and reported accepting local and national leadership positions as a result of the programme. 4b. Scholars received 21 awards, in addition to receiving funding and program cost savings from their training and practicum.	1	11
Day, 2010 [33]	Single US specialty association (orthopaedics)	100	Orthopaedic surgeons	1 year	Mentoring by established orthopaedic leader	Mentoring	Unclear	2b. Significant increase in 3/8 leadership domains: knowledge of theory, tolerance for demands of leadership, and leadership positioning. 3b. Significant increase in the number of national committee chairs (22% pre, 62% post- programme, p < 0.001). 48% of alumni advanced in academic rank vs 21% of controls (p = 0.005).	n/a	11
Korschun, 2007 [34]	Single US academic medical centre	70	Physicians (29), nurses, and a wide range of administrators	5 months	Five three-day sessions over five months	Lectures, seminars, case studies, experiential exercises, individual assessment, executive coaching, including a 360° assessment, mentoring, team project work	Strategic thinking and personal awareness, Leadership qualities, Leadership best practices, negotaling tactics and managing conflict Human resources and talent management, Building collaboration and influence skills, Marketing, development and public policy, Leadership in changing times, Communications, media relations, crisis management	1. Participants reported positive experiences with the program. Attendance was at a rate of 95% or higher. 24% of respondents disagreed that the mentoring process had helped them with their professional growth. 2a. 98% increased their commitment to and support of the vision and strategies of the organisation 2b. All respondents agreed to some degree that they had improved their interpersonal skills related to the more diffective leaders. Bay Sincersonal skills related to the organisation. 3a. 93% reported the programme has made them more effective leaders. BS% report that they had improved their approach to functioning in a team setting. Participants reported increased knowledge of the organisation. 3a. 93% reported the programme has made them more effective leaders. BS% report that they have become advocates for the organisation's strategy. Graduates reported being more effective in committees within their school or the university. 3b. 15% of graduates were promoted within the followup period. 76% reported taking on additional leadership responsibilities. As a Fellows stated that the leaders in addreg nallowed them to establish a strong network of friends and colleagues from other disciplines, and after the program was over, they found it much easier to seek advice or establish collaborations with peer leaders in other panisation. 4b. Successful adoption of most projects of the organisation.	n/a	11
McDade, 2004 [35]	Multiple US and Canada Academic Medical Centres (AMCs)	79	Associate or full professor	7 months	Three 1-week meetings across 7 months	Leadership skill development, mentoring, and networking	The curriculum focuses on building knowledge and skills in seven domains: paradigms of corporate, government, and academic leadership; financial management; strategic planning and organizational transformation; merging issues in a cademic medicine; communication; personal dimensions of leadership; and career advancement strategies.	40. Docessin adoption to includ (process and one organisation): 24. Increase confidence in applying conflict resolution strategies, and with public speaking. 2b. Significant increases (pc0.001) in knowledge of organization, management, and leadership theory, financial management, environmental scanning, job negotiations, risk management, life balancing 3a. Increase in reports of having a mentor 3b. No clear effect on career progression.	n/a	11
Edmonstone, 2011 [36]	UK National programme (Scotland)	117 (from total 5 cohorts)	Senior strategic leaders in NHS Scotland: hospital doctors, primary care doctors, nures, AHPs, pharmacists, psychologists, dentists, paramedics	12 months	A three-day residential development centre followed by nine two- day residential events held every six weeks.	Coaching, Mentoring, Action Learning, Change Management Project, Masterclasses/Workshops, After Dinner Speakers, Shadowing, Organisational Visits, Chief Executive Sponsorship, multi- source feedback, psychometric tools, Development Centre, Personal Development Plan	Teddership, and Larger avaancement strategies. Self-leadership, leading others, collaborative working, dellvering excellence through others, managing complex change, improving patient experience, political awareness, strategic dexterity, aligning agendas/creating culture	40 no significant increase in tangible benefits from projects. 1- all elements of the programme were positively rated by participants with ratings becoming more positive as the programme progressed. 2a - increased self-avareness and insight, greater personal resilience and improved motivation. 2b - participants "appear to have gained tremendous personal benefit" which focused on confidence to operate outside their initial comfort zone; greater assurance about their own leadership participants and sense of empowerment; greater awareness and knowledge of policy issues and the need to develop skills in the areas of strategic influence. 3a - improved relationship-building and networking skills and the development of improved influencing ability. 3b - positive feedback was also offered by those around the participants in their employing organisations. In responding to telephone interviews and questionnaires, these colleagues, managers and staff of participants reported splificant behaviour change. 4b - successful completion of significant service development through leadership projects had made significant impact locally and nationally.	5	10.5
MacPhail, 2015 [37]	Single Australian Hospital Department (Geriatrics, Rehabilitation and Palliative Care)	39	Non-executive middle or senior level medical, nursing and allied health professionals	9-10 months	2-hour monthly sessions, group projects, site visits	Guest speakers and discussions external site visit, project, presentation	Organisational structure, healthcare context, leadership and patient safety, quality of care and clinical errors, complex systems, communication, engagement with patients, conflict, negotiation, change management	made significant impact locally and nationally. 1. Participants reported almost unanimously (86-100%) for all measures including that the course was relevant and valuable 2a. Participants reported increased willingness to take on leadership roles 3a. Participants reported in comments that they benefited from increased networking and relationships across silos. 3b. 4 of 17 participants from the first cohort had been promoted 18 months after the programme (no control group available)	5	10.5

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Cerrone, 2017 [38]	Large US integrated health care organization	80	Residents (Incoming Chief Residents)	1 day	9hrs	Emotional intelligence inventory three weeks prior to course didactic sessions simulated teaching encounters	Leadership, managing, and core feedback skills, interpretation of emotional intelligence inventory, interpersonal and communication skills and professionalism	 92% agreed that the program met their learning needs. Participants reported considering the OSTEs useful. 0STE scores (out of 100) increased from mean = 47.92, SD = 7.8 to mean = 51.22, SD = 6.9); t (68) = 1.99, p = 0.006 	1	10.5
Patel, 2015 [39]	Single US hospital	30	Residents (PGY2-4)	2 years	2 year healthcare leadership in quality residency track	Core curriculum (120 hours over 3 weeks including lectrures, readings, videos, small group activities, online modules, facilitated discussions), integration into a quality improvement leadership team, capstone qi project, mentorship	Methods and tools of quality improvement and patient safety, human factors engineering and safety culture.	 The core curriculum has been rated as highly valuable and necessary (mean 4.95 and 4.96/5 respectively) Mean improvement of quality improvement knowledge assessment was 3 points for cohort 2 (SD 1.6). Improvements were marked by the track directors. No significance reported Graduates reported that they intend to pursue quality/safety leadership positions (13 strongly agree, 1 agree) Hag raduates have completed their projects. 12 posters presented at national conferences regarding capstone qi projects. "most of the capstone projects. 	n/a	10.5
Nakanjako, 2015 [40]	Four African and 4 US universities	15	Unclear	1 year	1 year fellowship	8 weeks of didactic teaching, with two 4.5 month experiential trainings at health organisations. Also 4 online modules. Mentoring (weekly meetings, monthly mentoring team meeting). Logbook for learning.	Leadership, communication, monitoring and evaluation, health informatics, research methodology, grant writing, implementation science, and responsible conduct of research.	2b. Participants reported improved skills and knowledge 3a. Participants reported use of new knowledge and skills in both current and new leadership roles 3b. All graduates have remained in health leadership positions in Uganda. 86% (13/15) have opted to take on new responsibilities. 4b. Individual projects completed on the programme had a range of positive outcomes. These amounted prinarily to official recommendations and initiation of new pathways, but several of the projects are reported to have improved patient care.	2	10
Kuo, 2010 [41]	Single US residency program	16	Residents (Paediatrics PGY1-3)	3 years	Bespoke residency programme	Small-group seminars, project work, and mentoring	Themes of leadership, critical thinking, and community engagement. Topics include policy making, project management, decision making and communication	 Satisfaction with programme 3.73/4 t0.46 2a. Positive impact on plans to influence population health and health policy 3.53±0.64 and to serve minority or underserved populations 3.47±0.74 2b. Improvement of competence as a leader 3.40±0.74 3b. Participants have received both local and national awards recognizing their leadership and commitment to the community. Nine graduates are in positions of leadership such as medical directorships 4b. 9/16 graduates have received grants to support their projects. Multiple projects have achieved sustainable funding and impact across advocacy, health programme development and policies. 	1	10
Brandon, 2013 [42]	Single US residency program (radiology)	44	Residents (Radiology)	1 year	7x 90min modules	lectures and case-based group discussions	Finances, quality improvement, employment, organisational dynamics, healthcare policy and economics, negotiation and conflict management	2a. Significant improvement in participants' knowledge for all modules (p<.001) 2b. Significant improvement in participants' self-assessed confidence scores for all modules (p<.001)	n/a	10
Green, 2002 [43]	US network of community- owned health care providers and physicians	26	26 Teams from eight organizational units	2 years	Coaching and leadership initiative	Faculty coaching Quality improvement projects Team meetings, with team learning sessions and planning for six-month action period following the meetings. Teams from subsequent waves overlapped	Diffusion of innovation, Strategic goal-setting, engaging others, PDSA, barrier-busting and infrastructure-building, project management, reflective thinking and learning, conceptual thinking, summarizing and comunicating, coaching, and building further organizational capacity for spread	4b. 17 of 26 feams reported significant clinical improvements in targeted areas, improvement work has become easier with each cycle (improved from 50% of projects within 3 weeks in cycle 1, to 100% in cycle 3)	n/a	10
Hemmer, 2007 [44]	Single US residency/ fellowship program (pathology)	16	Residents and fellows (Pathology)	1 year	6 x 1-2 day workshops (average 10hrs per workshop)	Pre-reading, didactic lectures, interactive sessions, case scenarios, team- building exercises, project	Leadership and management basics, managing change and interpersonal skills, personnel issues, quality, informatics, finance, and a capstone seminar	 Participants evaluated (five-point scale) the content and speakers (scores from 4.4 to 5.0). Participants showed significant improvement in their leadership and management test scores (61/62 % to 88% in two different cohorts) 	n/a	10
McCurdy, 2004 [45]	Single US academic medical centre	22	Faculty members (who were, at the time of the course, in a leadership position or likely to move into a leadership position soon)	12 months	Eight 3-hour sessions in two 2-day blocks 6 months apart and 2 evening small group discussions	Workshops, evening sessions, Project with poster or a short oral presentation	Setting goals, leadership, change, emotional intelligence, organisational dynamics, mediation and negotiation, quality improvement	2b. Post-program self-assessments significantly and meaningfully different from pre- programme using both traditional and retrospective measurement. 3b. 14 projects completed	n/a	10
Hadley, 2014 [46]	Single UK training deanery	30	Residents (PGY2 doctor/s paired with a management trainee)	6-9 months	Paired quality improvement project with a management trainee and a PGY2 doctor	Project work, mentoring, action learning sets	No formal curriculum	 Continued engagement from 24/30 participants for the programme Participants felt empowered to start service improvement projects Statistically significant increase in self-repreted understanding of several domains (statistics and data not reported) Projects presented by 9 of 14 teams 	3	9.5
Revere, 2015 [47]	Single US hospital network	50 "approxi mately"	Senior physicians "chairs and near- chairs"	6 months	Fortnightly full-day sessions, project work	Lectures, discussions, projects	Strategy, finance and accounting, organizational performance measures, including clinical quality, human resources and customer experience management, organizational behaviour and team building and leadership skills.	 Course rated 4.69/5, 71% rated topics as relevant Participants reported hanged perspectives Participants reported being more engaged in their conversations, and applying learning day-to-day A) participants reported being more engaged in their conversations, and applying learning day-to-day A) O per cent of the course projects have been funded by and implemented within the participant's respective institution. Senior sponsors have continued to be satisfied with project and programme outcomes and continue to send participants 	3	9.5
Osborn, 2004 [48]	Ten US Paediatric Association locations	32 (total 2 cohorts)	Paediatricians from AMCs	2-3 years	Three 2-day workshops during first 12 months, then 2 advanced workshops annually (only one for cohort 2)	Workshops, project	3 Clusters: 1) Institutional leadership concepts; institutional leadership skills; management skills (very good table in the paper with details of each).	2b. Reported increased knowledge and skills in all areas related to giving workshops 3a. Participants reported that they incorporated into their workshops knowledge and skills gained in 1) mission, vision, and values; 2) how to approach organisational change; 3) mission- based management; 4) net: working and team building; and 5) workshop development 3b. Across a 2-year follow-up enroid: 313/0 413%) conducted a workshop, 32/0 (7%) were promoted, 18/30 (60%) participants assumed a leadership position participants conducted 57 local workshops and 33 regional or national workshops that were attended by 1082 participants.	2	9.5

Source (First Author, Year)	Setting	Learner Number	Learner Type	Intervention Length	Intervention Description	Teaching Methods	Educational Content	Main findings by Kirkpatrick level	JBI Score	MERSQI Score
Wichman, 2009 [49]	Single US hospital department	6	Residents (Psychiatry PGY3)	8 months	Weekly seminars (8 modules x 4 sessions each), with projects and mentoring	Lectures, discussions, projects, mentoring	Financial management, Human resources management, Planning and marketing, Information management, Risk management, Governance and organizational dynamics, Business and clinical operations, Professional responsibility.	4b. Across a 2-year follow-up period 8/30 (27%) obtained a peer-reviewed grant 1. All respondents said course met or exceeded their expectations. 3b. Multiple projects completed during programme 4b. One project resulted in decreased non-attendance by new patients by 50% across 12 months	n/a	9.5
Monaghan, 2018 [50]	Single UK hospital trust	12 (6 doctors)	Residents (non- training clinical development and clinical teaching fellows, managers of various departments)	6 months	6 month paired learning doctors/managers	6-month paired learning matching doctors with managers. Shadowing, conversations, reflections	Nr	2a. Physician participants reported feeling more prepared for a range of leadership requirements, including understanding decisions and working in teams and with managers 4b. Two pairs collaborated to successfully implement a lasting organisational change in the form of a trainee management forum	4	9
Voogt, 2016 [51]	Six Dutch teaching hospitals	NR (~50)	Residents (mixed specialties and levels)	1 year	Four 1hr meetings to discuss and plan projects	Facilitated discussions, project work	Quality improvement and leadership, not otherwise specified	 Interviewees reported feeling empowered 2b. Interviewees reported increased awareness of organisational aspects of healthcare delivery. Outcomes of projects e.g. Development of new handover guidelines to ensure the attending buyklan is present at handovers 	3	9
Heitkamp, 2017 [52]	Single US hospital department	98	Residents (radiology)	NR (variable, journal club)	One hour lunchtime Journal club meeting every fortnight	Journal club, projects, mentoring, leadership role placement	Leadership (topics chosen by the group on an ad hoc basis)	2a. Participants felt better prepared for their careers 2b. Self-reported increased understanding of the business of radiology 3a. Self-reported improved communication, interaction with referring physicians, career development team building, group dynamics, and interactions with hospital administration 3b. 35% had assumed leadership roles within three years. Publication of 27 articles in core radiology journals, completion of multiple projects 4b. New external collaboration for residents	0	9
Pearson, 2018 [53]	UK leadership fellowship	12	Residents (senior, medicine, general practice, surgery, obstetrics and gynaecology, paediatric surgery and psychiatry.	1 year	1 year out-of- programme fellowship in a host organisation	Symposia and conferences, one- to-one coaching sessions, action learning sets, shadowing opportunities and reflective practice including completion of a portfolio. Project work for host organisations	Minimally reported. Communication, working styles and leadership framework mentioned	1 Most participants reported that all components of the course were very or slightly useful. 75% did not access multi-source feedback component. 2a. Most participants reported improved attitudes towards leadership and their ability to make changes in their organisation. Reports of increased confidence. 2b. Reports of increased awareness of other working styles and characteristics of good leadership. 3a. Reports of adjusting behaviour towards other working styles	0	9
Crites, 2004 [54]	Single US residency program (internal medicine and paediatrics)	13	Residents (PGY1-4)	1 year	Monthly seminar series	Interactive lectures	Coding, finances, group dynamics, human resources, risk management	 Participants rated the course effectiveness 4.13/5 Participants rated the course effectiveness 4.13/5 The residents' views towards practice management education in general had mean scores of 4.67 (/5) Participants scored significantly higher on a self-assessed management skill, from 2.62 to 3.65 (/5). Average score on knowledge test significantly increased from 74% to 91% 	n/a	9
Dickey, 2014 [55]	Single US hospital	Unclear (3 leadersh ip projects describe d)	Residents (Psychiatry PGY1-4)	4 years	Modular leadership programme over 4 years with mostly voluntary components	Seminars, with voluntary simulations, action teams work, electives, mentoring	Philosophy of leadership, healthcare delivery systems, quality assurance, risk management, qualities of exceptional leaders	3.05 Joy Aretige Solid of Marketoge Lets agrination in the sect from Aret of La 3b. Three projects indertaken as part of voluntary elective 4b. One project resulted in a reduction of admission time of 65 minutes	n/a	9
Foster, 2008 [56]	Single US medical centre	12	Residents	2 years	3 week intensive orientation, 11 month MPH degree and leadership coursework, weekly 1/2 day didactic sessions, monthly journal club, monthly open evening sessions	MPH degree, leadership coursework change project, mentoring	Leadership of small systems in health care Measurement of illness burden in individuals and populations Measurement of the outcomes of health service interventions, Leadership of change for improvement of quality, value, and safety of health care of individuals and populations Reflection on personal professional practice enabling personal and professional development.	3b. Projects completed 4b. 8 projects completed with patient and organisational benefits e.g. Decreased procedure and hospitalisation times	n/a	9
Freeman, 2018 [57]	Single US training programme	30	Cardiology fellows-in- training and early career professionals	2 years	2 year cardiology leadership academy	Mentoring, not otherwise clear	Conflict management, team leadership, influencing others, navigating challenging conversations, and how to achieve work-life balance.	2b. Participants reported increased confidence across a range of key curriculum areas 3a. Participants reported the programme had helped them to gain new leadership roles, and that they had applied learning from the programme in their new leadership roles; 4a. Of those that acquired a new leadership opportunity, 100% of respondents reported participating in the leadership academy program had an impact on their success within the new acquired leadership role(s).	n/a	9
Saravo, 2017 [58]	Single German university hospital	50	Residents (PGY1-4 across specialties)	4 weeks	Weekly 2.5hr sessions after clinical duties (x4)	Didactic module, standardised simulations, one-on-one feedback on recorded simulations, "practicing	"Full Range Leadership Model" (Bass); transactional and transformational leadership, simulation of critical incidents, communication techniques	2a. No change in knowledge in exposure or control. No difference in self-assessed change in self-assessed leadership scores compared with control (both had small increases in mean scores). 3b. Increase in observed performance on bespoke transactional and transformational scales	n/a	9
Schulz, 2013 [59]	US surgical department specialty	9	Residents (ENT)	6 months	Virtue strength assessments (VIA); mentorship meetings; 'thought of the day'; internal and external faculty training and development; leadership basic training course	communication techniques" Mentoring, interactive sessions mixed with reading, individual character assessment	Virtue Leadership, curriculum not otherwise specified	(based on video recorded simulations, no control group) 1.100% agree that project was a valuable learning experience (up from 56%) 2a. No significant change in attitude towards leadership 2b. Increased knowledge of the leadership values of the organisation (94% up from 47%)	n/a	9
Stoller, 2007 [60]	Single US hospital network	Unclear (roughly 400)	Emerging physician- leaders	9 months	Eight sessions offered roughly once monthly on Fridays at an off- site retreat centre, Longitudinal project	Seminars, business case project	Marketing in healthcare, Healthcare finance, Writing a business plan, Emotional intelligence, situational leadership, conflict resolution and negotiation, Medicolegal issues	3b. 49 budiness plans were submitted over 13 courses. 4b. 30 of 49 budiness plans have been implemented	n/a	9

Source (First Author, Year)	Setting	Learner Number	Learner Type	Intervention Length	Intervention Description	Teaching Methods	Educational Content	Main findings by Kirkpatrick level	JBI Score	MERSQI Score
Wulfert, 2017 [61]	German Master's Degree (Leadership in Medicine)	17	Varied (2 senior consultants, 8 consultants, two senior residents, one pharmacist, one financial controller)	>100 days teaching time over a master's degree	Master's degree	Project work, didactic teaching, discussions, thesis	Leadership and management, quality management and legal aspects, medical ethics, project management, empirical research methods, communication/dialogue skills, change management, diversity management, management accounting, health economics, medical engineering and computer science, education and didactics, educational management	 1. 14/17 participants completed the masters in full 3b. More than 30 projects implemented over the course of the masters. 4b. Projects successfully integrated into existing structures 	n/a	9
Blumenthal, 2014 [62]	Single US hospital	16	Residents (PGY2 Internal Med)	4 weeks	2-3hrs a week for 4 weeks, work between	Large-group discussions case-studies, videos, role-plays small-group meetings homework/required readings	Clinical leadership Goleman's leadership types and emotional intelligence authentic leadership effective team leadership	 Sessions perceived to be relevant Increased confidence, feeling more prepared for team challenges Self-reported learning, better understanding of personal strengths and weaknesses as a leader 	4	8.5
Sanfey, 2011 [63]	Single US university	143	Academic faculty members who had demonstrated leadership potential within the school of medicine.	10 weeks	3 to 7 hour weekly training sessions over a 10-week period for an approximate total of 40 hours.	Instructional sessions, self- analysis using MBT and the leadership skills inventory 360	Managing organizational change, making strategic decisions, assessing the dynamics of successful leaders, financial management, and finding life balance in a growing career.	Immediately post: 2a. 50% of participants indicated that their perspectives on leadership had changed as a result of the programme. 2b. For each leadership skill surveyed, the majority of participants agreed that it was improved by programme participants indicated that they had changed their professional behaviour as a result of the programme. 3b. 66% of respondents were invited to apply for or offered positions post-programme. 1-4 years post: 2a. Some respondents reported increased insight into others/self/job/leadership. 2b. Respondents reported increased ability to recognize weaknesses and strengths, and a range of other increased eladership skills. 3a. Only 27% of respondents reported that their career goals.	2	8.5
Edler, 2010 [64]	Single US residency programme (paediatric anaesthetics)	Unclear	Residents (first year paediatric anaesthetics residents)	1 year	1 year administrative resident programme	Reading, experiential learning, feedback, self-assessment, mentoring	Organisation culture, human factors, quality assurance (QA) and continuous quality improvement (CQI), operating room scheduling, and resident selection, decision making, technical planning, interpersonal or professional actions, and conflict resolution	 D. Qualitative report of satisfaction with the programme goals. D. Qualitative report of satisfaction with the programme Zb. Report of improved conflict-management 3b. Observed application of leadership skills in programme improvement 	1	8.5
Richman, 2001 [65]	US/Canada executive education in academic medicine	200	Midcareer female faculty at medical or dental schools at associate or full professor rank	1 year	Two week-long residential sessions (in September and April), annual conference, numerous assignments	Lectures, panel discussions case studies, computer simulations, role playing, small group work, individual interviews and projects, extensive individual assessment, coaching	"mini-MBA; contemporary leadership issues, personal professional development (individual assessment tools, conflict management and negotiation skills, team-building skills)	2a. Reports of improved confidence in addressing and resolving conflict situations. Insight and confidence into "how the game is played". 2b. Reports of improved knowledge in addressing and resolving conflict situations. Assessment showed significant and large increase in all curricular areas. (pc0.0001) reports of increased knowledge of career possibilities, new insights into how to advance their own careers, and understanding of a greater range of options open for their pursuit. Increased awareness of educational and medical issues and development of strategies to be informed, resolve problems, and advance projects. Understanding of new leadership and magement strategies, allowing fellows to conceptualise, introduce, and implement ideas with greater effectiveness and confidence 3b. Fellows have been successful in advancing to higher leadership roles.	0	8.5
Farver, 2016 [66]	Single US hospital	105	Residents (New Chief Residents)	2 days	2 day Chief Residents' Leadership Workshop	Pre-workshop readings Workshop Post-workshop readings	Teambuilding Conflict Resolution Negotiation Emotional Intelligence Physician Health Mentoring	1. All workshops rated highly 2a. Confidence in team building increased 2b. Increased perceived ability to locate areas of need. Increased familiarity with workshop concepts. 3a. Self-reported increased ability to resolve conflict effectively	n/a	8.5
Gregg, 2016 [67]	Single US trauma centre	20	Residents (Trauma, y3- 5)	6-30 months	Evaluation of communication skills and weekly discussion at meetings	Evaluation and feedback	Communication	3b. Increase in observed communication/professionalism, systems-based practice, medical knowledge, practice-based learning, patient care	n/a	8.5
Hill, 2018 [68]	Single US hospital	7	Residents (senior surgery)	3 weeks	a meetings 3 week course with senior residents giving 5 presentations a week to juniors. Timing and frequency not specified	Presentations by participants to junior residents reflecting on readings from the course reading book	Weekly readings from the book "the founding fathers on leadership"	3a. No statistically significant changes in survey results relating to behaviour with Bonferroni correction applied.	n/a	8.5
Pugno, 2002 [69]	US residency director program	"more than 300"	Residency directors (family practice). Numbers not specified	9 months	A three-day conference and two one-day sessions. Project work, mentoring	Didactic and small-group sessions, project	Leadership skills, personnel management and team building, program management, communication skills, negotation skills, program finances, educational guidelines for family practice	 99% of participants rated the programme valuable (15%) or very valuable (84%); Tahanced job satisfaction, reduced job stress, and an expanded network of educational contacts and resources. 76 % reported that the program lowered the level of stress. Participants reported enhanced job astisfaction, reduced job stress, and an expanded network of educational contacts and resources. 83% said they were more likely to continue as a program director for the next few years after the programme. The average tenure of family practice program directors has increased from 3 to 4 years before the programme, to more than 6 years after the programme had been running for 5 years. 	n/a	8.5
Denney, 2019 [70]	Single UK deanery (South East Scotland)	89	Residents General Practice Specialty Trainee, Year 1)	6 months	Single session on leadership, recommended menu of possible experiences	Guidance, formative feedback, encouragement to seek out specific leadership activities	Recommendations: chairing a meeting, "fresh pair of eyes" exercise NOS, running an educational session, practice leafter project, clinical protocol, website design, mini-quality improvement project	2a. All trainees who completed the survey reported that development of leadership skills is either "quite important" or "very important" for a trainee's future career. 51% of trainees felt more involved in their 69 resultce as a result of their leadership activity. 2b. There was no significant change in the self-rated confidence in leadership skills or team working skills when compared pre-post. 3a. 83% of respondents reported having undertaken a voluntiany leadership activity, particularly quality improvement projects and running educational sessions. Those who did not, frequently reported time and service delivery pressures as a reason.	5	8

iource (First Author, Year)	Setting	Learner Number	Learner Type	Intervention Length	Intervention Description	Teaching Methods	Educational Content	Main findings by Kirkpatrick level	JBI Score	MERSQI Score
ИсАlearney, 2005 [71]	Single US hospital	52	Physicians (two cohorts)	2 years	1hr monthly morning sessions, 1 half day session each 6 months	Adult learning. Interactive questions, case-based scenarios.	Decision making, problem solving, strategy, change, struational leadership, communication, negotiation, coaching and mentoring, conflict, finances	 Mean score (/5) 4.7 for satisfaction, 4.8 for quality of information Mean score (/5) for precieved applicability 4.6. Mean confidence in strategic direction of the organisation 4.1 Participants reported increased awareness of leadership resources(4.1), motivation to be involved in their community (3.7) Participants self-reported increased leadership effectiveness (4.2/5), teamwork (4.0) and team leading (4.3), as well as new roles (4.0). Participants reported using skills learned; 	5	8
hah, 2013 [72]	Single UK specialty training	40	Consultant ophthalmic surgeons	2 days	2x full day interactive sessions	Gaming, team challenges, meta- planning, role play and professional actors, interactive presentations, and self-analysis	Admitting vulnerability and uncertainty, taking responsibility for managing risk, being self-aware and reflexive, internalising authentic leadership	4a. Improved organisational collaboration towards strategic initiatives 2a. Participants reported increased self-awareness 2b. Demonstrated increased knowledge of authentic leadership concepts 3a. Self-reported long term (4 years) application of skills learned into clinical practice 4a. Participants reported improved performance for them and their teams as a result of the programme.	2	8
Clapp, 2018 [73]	Single US hospital department	36	Residents and faculty (Department of Anaesthetic and Critical Care)	1 year (presumed)	2x 2hr evening skills session, 1 half-day session and 1 2.5hr evening session "capstone"	Capstone: presentation on relevant topic small-group discussions presentations back to large group	Feedback supporting colleagues during tough times clinical pedagogy	1.3 1% excellent, 44% very good, 25% good; 4a. "The frankness of the discussions between residents and attendings in these sessions has paved the way for a broader departmental initiative designed to facilitate more effective leadership and teamwork among individuals in all departmental roles—attendings, residents, nurse anæsthetists, administrative staff—through identifying the strengths and deficiencies of the ways in which the vinterat.	1	8
ettit, 2011 [74]	Single US hospital department	11 (9 respons es)	Residents (Neurosurgery)	1 year (academic)	Monthly 1hr sessions	Interactive lectures, self- assessment activities, case studies, self-reflection, discussions, and reading materials	Leadership style, conflict management, effective feedback, team building, team leadership, motivation, moving from peer to leader.	une ways in wind user interact. 2a. Qualitative comments indicate more open attitude towards leadership roles 2b. Significant self-assessed increase in leadership knowledge.	1	8
Donnelly, 2016 [75]	Single US residency programme	Unclear	Residents (radiology, PGY1-4)	4 years	4 year residency programme in leadership fundamentals and leadership tracks.	Monthly lectures for first 2 years, research work with imaging scientists, mentoring, project work	Research, education, business/management, quality care/service, and information technology	 "universal praise" from participants for the mandatory first 2 years, 100% opted into the optional years 3-4. 4 participants have worked on projects as part of the programme, with one having submitted academic manuscripts resulting from her project 	0	8
Gruver, 2006 [76]	Single US health system	17	Physicians and non- physicians (finance, IT, nursing, public relations)	8 months	Monthly seminars over dinner (2-2.5hrs)	Case-based leadership discussions during two-hour sessions	Managing vs. Leading, forming a vision, predefining a person's moral compass, risk-taking and transactional leadership	 High ratings for the course 4.63/5 for comparison to other leadership and education programmes experienced. Inproved self-confidence in leadership, intended changes to leadership style Increased knowledge of desirable leadership characteristics in the organisation Several of the participants reported experimenting in their current leadership assignments with concepts discussed during a session; one participant used one of the cases to heighten the leadership awareness of some of his own subordinates. Reported personal bonds of participants with the CEO. 	0	8
Babitch, 2006 [77]	Single US residency program (paediatrics)	NR	Residents (Paediatrics PGY1-3).	9 months	Nine sessions	Lectures	A core curriculum focusing on physician compensation, medical economics, healthcare system, leadership and communication, career/CVs, contracts, health law, and customer service	 Satisfaction scores "between 3 and 4" on a four-point scale. Improvement in tested comprehension of the subject matter of each lecture, with an average increase of 20% to 40% between tests (5-point scale) 	n/a	8
Gulati K, 2019 (78)	Indian health care organisation	96	Clinicians and hospital administrators from public and private sector organisations	3 days	3 day leadership residential programme as part of a 6 day residential programme	Didactic lectures, small group workshops, focus group discussions, case-based discussions and experience sharing.	Leadership styles, leadership competencies, team building, strategic management, procurement, operational excellence, legal and ethical issues, budgeting, financial management, conflict management, quality and patient safety, hospital accreditation, communication, human resource development, health-care technology, contract management, hospital projects and supply chain	2b. Statistically significant increase in all 30 items related to knowledge and skills	n/a	8
toller, 2004 [79]	Single US residency program (internal medicine)	32	Residents (PGY-1)	1 day	One day retreat	Group simulation exercise, group discussion	management. Team skills, group dynamics, leadership	 All attendees rated the retreat as valuable. Based on significant changes in residents' responses on the postretreat questionnaire attendees believed that the retreat enhanced their abilities to be better physicians, resident supervisors, and leaders. (all p<0.001) postretreat responses (table 3) indicated significant increases in agreement that good leaders challenge the process, make decisions based on shared vision, allow others to act, recognize 	n/a	8
dmonstone, 2009 [80]	Multiple UK strategic health authorities	200 (approx.)	Senior medical leaders in primary and secondary care and public health	12 months	Two 3-day residential modules at the beginning and end of the programme. Three interim event days.	Personal development plan, coaching, mentoring	Leadership for partnership Personal development – through the creation of a personal development plan, provision of coaching, mentoring, etc. Working in networks Lateral thinking/scenario planning	individual contributions, and serve as good role models. 1. Participants disastisfied with the programmes, partly due to high expectations not being met. Falloff in attendance 2a growing sense of identity as clinical leaders. Increased confidence. 2b. Greater appreciation of others' roles and perspectives 3a. Tools and skills applied in practice, increase in personal networking. 3b. Projects completed as part of the programmes.	5	7.5
itergiopolous, 2009 [81]	Single Canadian residency program	52	Residents (PGY2=24, PGY4=28)	4 half days	Workshops (four half- days)	Interactive teaching as much as possible. Didactic teaching and small groups or other interactive techniques (buzz groups, brain-storming, think- pair-share discussions, a debate, and clinical cross studies.	Leading change Teamwork, conflict resolution, quality improvement, program planning and evaluation, leadership and change management, mental health reform, organizational structures, and self and career development	 Attendance averaged 54% overall. Workshops rated average of 4.2/5. Participants appreciated the reflective and interactive components of the workshops and valued the hands-on exercises and the use of case studies and "real life" examples. They suggested that more time be dedicated to quality improvement and medical error and opportunities to take part in administrative committees and quality improvement projects at their hospital sites. Focus requested on current efforts rather than historical overviews. D. Objective related to civilia and bounders and access area area and access ac	2	7.5
Berkenbosch, 2014 [82]	Single Dutch university medical centre	14	Residents (O&G, orthopaedics, paediatrics, internal medicine)	8 hours	2 x 4 hour sessions 3 weeks apart with homework between	and clinical case studies) Didactic teaching/lectures student presentations simulation	Knowledge of the healthcare system time management	2b. Objectives related to skills and knowledge rated as met ("4/5 on Likert scale) 1. Rated 7.66/10, "it fills a gap in our current postgraduate medical training" 2a. Increased interest in leadership development 2b. No significant changes (underpowered)	1	7.5
Block, 2007 [83]	11 residency	146	Residents (134	2 days	2 day programme	Experiential small-	Leadership competencies, self-awareness,	1. High satisfaction scores of 6.2 on a scale of 1 to 7 (sd0.6)	0	7.5

Source (First Author, Year)	Setting	Learner Number	Learner Type	Intervention Length	Intervention Description	Teaching Methods	Educational Content	Main findings by Kirkpatrick level	JBI Score	MERSQI Score
	programs in Australia		registrars and 12 resident medical officers)	-		group work, individual exercises, self- analysis questionnaires, videos, simulations, didactic content	communication and learning styles, conflict resolution, serving as teacher, time management, delegation, leadership styles, managing stress, safety and quality, team building, feedback and action planning	2a. Reported desire to explore leadership and management in greater depth. Increased awareness that the transition to being registrar was more multifaceted than it may seem.		
Donaghy, 2018 [84]	Single UK hospital trust	NR (>140)	Specialty trainees ST4- ST8	10 months	14 sessions 90-120 minutes	Large group lectures discussion and reflection action learning (qi or patient safety) trainee presentations at workshops	Medical leadership project management patient safety and QI methodology trust overview and patient client experience high performing teams human factors interview preparation clinical networks commissioning	 1.00% of respondents would recommend step to a friend Improved confidence, intention to apply Improved understanding in a range of domains 3b. Completion of some qi projects 	n/a	7.5
Frugé, 2010 [85]	Single US hospital department	39	Residents (Paediatric Oncology)	NR	Twice-monthly seminar series	Guided reflection on challenging leadership experiences	Leadership reasoning	 75% of fellows continue to participate in later years despite no longer being mandatory. Significant increase in confidence in all items on the bespoke questionnaire. Examples include working effectively as a team, effective communication, self-awareness. 	n/a	7.5
Hunt, 2017 [86]	Single US training camp	30	Residents (Interns at the start of PGY1 surgery)	NR	Surgical pgy1 boot camp	Didactic material, narrated lectures, procedural videos, course manuals. Personality assessment. Non-leadership specific simulation	Unclear	In clude working effectively as a clear include Communication's fair working. 1. Participants agreed that the information was relevant to their future career 2a. No significant increase in self-awareness (only 55% agree or strongly agree that understanding of own behaviours and motivators improved immediately post, only 40% agree or strongly agree at 3 months)	n/a	7.5
Murdock, 2011 [87]	Programme across 3 US states	>100 (not specifie d - 'five cohorts of 20 or more')	Community practice physicians (five cohorts)	20-weeks	Weekly three-hour evening sessions	Weekly three-hour evening sessions	The business of medicine, quality improvement, transformational leadership	2b. Increase in self-assessed competency in all the 26 categories in each of the program's five cohorts (significance not reported); 3a. Commentaries and assessments revealed an increasing level of empowerment in their leadership roles and increased desire for selection to leadership roles.	n/a	7.5
Thakur, 2018 [88]	Single UK hospital trust	23	Residents (PGY4-5 Psychiatry residents)	1 year	Six full day workshops; mentoring programme	Case studies, role-play, exercises, reading, mentoring	Medical leadership competency framework (demonstrating personal qualities, working with others, managing services, improving services, setting direction)	 All workshops rated between 3-4/4 Participants fet: the programme helped them in achieving leadership competencies. Resident described how the conceptual issues learned in the workshops were reinforced with leadership champions and then applied to their projects Participants completed and presented projects at local medical education day. 	5	7
Patterson, 2013 [89]	Single UK GP deanery (South Yorkshire Region)	8	Residents (GP trainees, PGY3)	8 months	Facilitated leadership projects	Project work, personal reflections, facilitated monthly discussions	Leadership, change management, and teamwork skills	 Participants reported having enjoyed the programme Participants reported being inspired, feeling more mature as doctors. Increased self-awareness. In many domains there was a negative shift in self-assessment by the end of the programme -thought to be "re-calibration of confidence", supported by focus groups. Focus groups also reported learning around the difficulty of change management. Increased change in the programme and the self-assessment is one provide learning around the difficulty of change 	4	7
Maza, 2016 [90]	Single Israeli health provider	256	Physician-managers	8 weeks	5 full days over 2 weeks with one overnight, followup meetings at 3 and 6 weeks	Theoretical knowledge, experiential learning, practical tools, deep personal exercises and simulations. Individual, dyadic, and group learning	Models of self-awareness, outcome thinking, determining a personal and organizational vision, and creating a personal approach to	(not otherwise specified) Mean rating of 5.7/6 (post) and 5.4/6 (retrospective) Respondents reported increased self-awareness, which was sustained at 6 months. (>5/6) Respondents reported increased personal leadership ability, sustained at 6 months. (5.2/6 then 4.9/6) Respondents reported increased proactivity in management. 	3	7
Steinert, 2003 [91]	Single Canadian department	16	Faculty (family medicine)	2 days	Two-day workshop	Interactive modules and exercises	Time management, goals and priorities, leadership styles and skills, and conducting effective meetings	 All participants rated workshop as "very useful". Zae. Several the participants reported that they would change their behaviour after the workshop, regarding time management, goals and meetings. Most respondents had successfully attempted determining short-term goals; handling paper more effectively; determining their 'prince time'; protecting time for specific tasks; and setting meeting agendas. They were less successful at: delegating; saying 'no'; adopting different leadership styles; and evaluating meetings. 	3	7
Satiani, 2014 [92]	Single US hospital department	24	Surgeons who wish to assume administrative or leadership roles	18 months	4hr seminar once a month	Seminars, project work (teams)	Leadership competency, strategic planning and vision, financial management, business planning, communication skills, change management, quality of care and patient satisfaction, teambuilding, negotiation and problem-solving, stress/burnout and lifestyles issues, human resources and talent management, diversity for healthcare leaders, healthcare law, medical ethics	 1.100% of respondents would recommend the programme to peers 2a. Respondents reported increased confidence in leadership roles 2b. Respondents reported increased leadership skills, knowledge and self- awareness. 3a. Respondents reported using skills from the programme in their practice, and having made networks they otherwise would not have made. 	2	7
Lee, 2004 [93]	Single US residency programme (paediatrics, Hawaii)	10	Residents (PYG2)	3hrs	3-hour interactive workshop during resident retreat	Case scenarios, problem solving, role playing, interactive discussions and self-reflection	Managing teams, leading residents, and working with different personalities.	 written comments from workshop evaluation forms were "overwhelmingly positive". Resident confidence increased significantly for managing teams (p< 0.015), leading junior residents (p< 0.005) and leading group discussions (p< 0.017). 	0	7
Steiner, 2004 [94]	Single US department of psychiatry	13	Residents and post- doctoral fellows	5 months	8 x 1.5h seminars	Seminars with guest speakers and case discussions	Exploration of leadership roles in research, clinical practice, teaching, and administration; organizational dynamics and gender; negotiation skills and conflict resolution strategies; role of consultation, seminars, peer support, and mentoring by both men and women in the development of leadership skills; "keeping the balance: work, relationships, and personal health."	 Self-assessment of leadership skills also increased significantly (pc 0.043) Participants believed the course should be offered again and had a positive effect on their professional lives. One participant said it encouraged her to seek out mentors 	0	7
Awad, 2004 [95]	Single US residency program (surgery)	NR	Residents (Surgical)	6 months	Nr	Not specified	A "focused program" to train residents to have the capacity/ability to create and manage powerful	2b. Statistically significant increase in score on a 34-item internal strength scorecard: alignment +13%, communication +12%, and integrity +12%.	n/a	7

microscol microscol <t< th=""><th>Source (First Author, Year)</th><th>Setting</th><th>Learner Number</th><th>Learner Type</th><th>Intervention Length</th><th>Intervention Description</th><th>Teaching Methods</th><th>Educational Content</th><th>Main findings by Kirkpatrick level</th><th>JBI Score</th><th>MERSQI Score</th></t<>	Source (First Author, Year)	Setting	Learner Number	Learner Type	Intervention Length	Intervention Description	Teaching Methods	Educational Content	Main findings by Kirkpatrick level	JBI Score	MERSQI Score
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Name Name </td <td>Bayard, 2003 [96]</td> <td>program (family</td> <td>NR</td> <td></td> <td>2 years</td> <td>(first year), monthly one-hour sessions</td> <td></td> <td>A practice management curriculum: Determining/ balancing personal and professional goals, practice opportunities, facilities, organization, operation and management. Staff policies, legal issues, marketing, resources and</td> <td>2a. Reported increased interest (and knowledge) in practice management 2b. Self-reported knowledge/comp fit with each of 13 practice management topics increased</td> <td>n/a</td> <td>7</td>	Bayard, 2003 [96]	program (family	NR		2 years	(first year), monthly one-hour sessions		A practice management curriculum: Determining/ balancing personal and professional goals, practice opportunities, facilities, organization, operation and management. Staff policies, legal issues, marketing, resources and	2a. Reported increased interest (and knowledge) in practice management 2b. Self-reported knowledge/comp fit with each of 13 practice management topics increased	n/a	7
Name Apple to legate property intervention Specific Marketing Sp	Hanna, 2012 [97]		43		1 day	One-day conference	based discussions; role-play, scenario simulation, small-group problem-solving sessions, and live feedback	Giving Keedback and delegating duties, building teamwork, managing time, making rounds, coping with stress, effective learning while on duty, teaching at bedside and in the OR, and managing conflicts. Negotiating employment, managing personal finances, hedging malpractice risk, and managing a	course 2a. Statistically significant improvement on perceived preparedness for all 4 managerial duties (negotiating employment, managing personal finances, hedging malpractice risk, managing a private practice) 2b. Participants reported improved skills in giving feedback, delegating duties, coping with stress, effective learning, and effective teaching. These were not significant	n/a	7
Ideal Diamonal Select Diamonal Partice Diamonal Analy Diamonal Analy Diamonal Partice Diamonal Parite Diamonal Parite Diamonal	Patel, 2019 [98]		17	Residents (PGY1-2)	2 years	meetings for 2 years as part of a healthcare leadership	Mentoring		extremely likely); 2a. Confidence seemed to increase (limited data reported)	n/a	7
Spector Scale US Spector Scale US<	Stefan, 2011 [99]	Single US hospital	24	Residents (Senior)	4 weeks	Weekly 1hr		equipment management, and cardiac rhythm		n/a	7
jump gelp (15 hoplic) II Redention Implementation Implementatimplementation Implementation	Gagliano, 2010 [100]	Single US hospital	90	leadership	2 years			Organizational leadership, financial management,	colleagues. 2a. Participants reported feeling more interested in and prepared for leadership responsibilities. 3a. 79% of participants reported having changed their approaches to projects or problems as a	2	6.5
medicine, surgery, energeny, PGV21 medicine, surgery, energeny, PGV21 interactive tabls induction simulation interactive tabls induction simulation leading change business of medicine communication skills tadley, 2015 [103] Single UK deanery NR [549 forms analyze d) Residents (PC2) Single brief doctors) Single brief analyze doctors) Single brief analyze doctors) Single brief analyze doctors) Residents (PGY1). 1 day Six-hour retreat Leadership affectback Leadership analyze doctors) 2.b 60% of participants felt that their leadership skills had improved as a result of the feedback n/a 6.5 Gasupa, 2001 [104] Single US residency program (internal medicine) NR Residents (PGY1). 1 day Six-hour retreat Letures and mail-group table and discussions, scenarios and role play Personal branding curriculum vitae, management, building a team, practical angloation skills, provident as a super-level residents (pmen a 3.88, 0.30.30. 2.h. Reported marias a super-level residents (pmen a 3.88, 0.30.30. N/a 6.5 Nina, 2018 [105] Single US Residency programme NR Residents (M1Y) Hr didactic sessions Didactic teaching assignment sessions Personal branding, curriculum vitae, materical practice, medical practice, medical practice, medical practice, medical practice, medical practice, medical practice, medical practice, medical practice, medical practice, medical practice, medical practice, medical practice, m	Gurrera, 2014 [101]		-			for Ś months; team project		plan project and expectations; resident interest survey; (2) organization and leadership models; (3) strategic planning; (4) the learning organization; (5) leadership/organizational ethics; (6) risk management; (7) marketing—part 1; (8) marketing—part 2; (9) decision-making; (10) lean management—part 1; (11) lean management—part 2; (12) OA processes and measures; (13) business plan workshop; (14) healthcare delivery systems; (15) microeconomics/ accounting; (16) medical errors/safety—part 2; (18) presentation of business plans.	 Self-reported new knowledge. Self-reported reassessment of own personal skills Self-reported improved interpersonal skills and decision making 	0	
Hadley, 2015 [103] Single UK deanery Nf. 969 ontors, analyse Reidents (FV2 ontors, analyse Single tire reition, assessment of the reback Evaluation and feedback, feedback Leadership (personal qualities) (personal qualities) (personal qualities) 2b. 60% of paricipants felt that their leadership skills had improved as a result of the feedback n/a 6.57 (assuya, 2001 [104] Single US residency NR Residents (PC1) 1 day Sin-bur of retrained feedback Leadership (personal qualities) (personal qualities) 2b. 60% of paricipants felt that their leadership skills had improved as a result of the feedback n/a 6.57 (assuya, 2001 [104] Single US residency NR Residents (PC1) 1 day Sin-bur of retrained not discussions, scenarios and not parity N/a N/a Assessment of not parity Assesssment of not parity Assessment of	Bhatia, 2015 [102]	Single US institution	20	medicine, surgery,	1 week	1 week programme	interactive talks small-group sessions	leading change business of medicine	1. All topics rated >8/10	n/a	6.5
wind program integram (international (US and S41) S41 Residents (all US and S41) 1 war Monthly 1hr didactic Didactic teaching, assignment Personal branding, curriculum vitae, marketing, networking at expersed in tradients point control 1 user expersed in tradients point control N/a 6.5 Vinan, 2018 [105] Single US Residency NR Residents (all US and S41) 1 war Monthly 1hr didactic Didactic teaching, assignment Personal branding, curriculum vitae, marketing, networking at team, particulan legiotitum, medicine N/a 6.5 vinan, 2018 [105] Single US Residency NR Residents (all US and S41) Sales 3 days 3-day immersion Large and small group sessions, group process, conflict, self-reflection and self-awareness, programmers Personal branding, curriculum vitae, marketing, awareness, group process, conflict resolution, and self-awareness Psychological challenges in leadership situation, awareness, group process, conflict resolution, and self-awareness Psychological challenges in leadership situation, awareness, group process, conflict resolution, and self-awareness Psychological challenges in leadership situation, awareness, group process, conflict resolution, and self-awareness Psychological challenges in leadership situation, awareness, group process, conflict resolution, and self-awareness Psychological challenges in leadership situation, awareness, group process, conflict resolution, and self-awareness Psychological challenges in leadersh	Hadley, 2015 [103]	Single UK deanery	forms analyse			assessment and		Leadership (personal qualities) Effective services (managing services), acting in a team (working with others), direction setting enabling improvement (improving services,		n/a	6.5
Ning 2018 [105] Single US Residency NR Residents 1 year Monthly 1hr didactic Didactic teaching, assignment Personal branding, curriculum vitae, marketing, up avauating and evaluating different Not possible resident vitation residents expressed frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away from their services of frustration that the program was taking them away frustration themating thematers in program taking thematers of the s	Kasuya, 2001 [104]	program (internal	NR	Residents (PGY1).	1 day	Six-hour retreat	and discussions, scenarios and	management, building a team, practical negotiation skills, providing effective feedback, and problem-	responsibilities as upper-level residents (p = .002) and fet better prepared to deal with the challenges of being upper-level residents (mean = 3.65, SD. 61). The participants also believed that they would use what they learned at this retreat as upper-level residents (mean = 3.88, SD. 33). ZD. Reported having identified qualities they aspired to as upper-level residents (p = .0014).	n/a	6.5
Schwartz, 2014 [106] International (US and S41 Residents (all US and 3 days 3 day immersion Large and small group psessions, 9 Sychological challenges in leadership situations, 0 and a psychiatry 1. Respondents found the feedback they had received to have been helpful (89%) n/a 6.5 Canada) Psychiatry Canadian residency course group tasks, peer and teacher personal conflicts, self-reflection and self- 2.a. Respondents reported improved understanding of group process and self-awarenees leadership conference programmes) Feedback eedback eedback 2b. Respondents reported improved leadership rofels. self-awarenees navajeation of challenging leadership in constructions, awareness resolution skills and increased interest in pursuing leadership rofels. self-awarenees	Ninan, 2018 [105]		NR		1 year		Didactic teaching, assignment	networking, evaluating and evaluating different types of medical practice, medical staff structure, governance, healthcare reform, future trends in	Not possible to reliably infer due to poor quality reporting. 1. Junior residents expressed frustration that the program was taking them away from their clinical studies. Senior residents did not express this. 2a. Possible increase in quality improvement project involvement, scholarly production and 3a. Reported increase in quality improvement project involvement, scholarly production and	n/a	6.5
	Schwartz, 2014 [106]	Canada) Psychiatry	541	Canadian residency	3 days		group tasks, peer and teacher	personal conflicts, self-reflection and self- awareness, group process, conflict resolution,	Respondents found the feedback they had received to have been helpful (89%) Za. Respondents reported improved understanding of group process and self-awareness Db. Respondents reported improved leadership confidence and willingness to use conflict	n/a	6.5
	Ennis-Cole, 2018 [107]	Single US hospital	10	Physicians NOS	6 months	2hrs once a fortnight	Multi-source feedback,			3	6

Source (First Author, Year)	Setting	Learner Number	Learner Type	Intervention Length	Intervention Description	Teaching Methods	Educational Content	Main findings by Kirkpatrick level	JBI Score	MERSQI Score
					for 6 months (24hrs total)	"insights" self-assessment and professional debrief, mentoring, classroom session, book club, reading, journaling, self- coaching, executive coaching edit: instructor led classes, assigned readings, self-directed learning via a binder resource guide, case studies and online experiences	management and planning, relationship and team building, innovation and change, and patient centricity.	2b. Participants reported increased team-building skills 3a. Participants reported daily implementation of skills learned		
Steinhardt, 2015 [108]	Single US hospital	NR	Residents (GPGY4 Obstetrics and Gynaecology)	2.5 hours	2.5 hour workshop delivered by midwives	Roleplay, reflection, discussion, games	Principles of leadership, innovation, creative problem solving, and communication techniques	 "nearly 100% numerical rating of 5" Participants reported improved insight into self and team Participants reported increased ability to be confident and vulnerable as a leader 	3	6
Forbeck, 2018 [109]	Single US academic department	Unclear	Academic Faculty (New faculty up to senior leadership/chairs)	3 to 12 months	Four related programs for respectively new faculty, junior faculty, junior leadership, senior leadership.	Action learning, small group discussions, case scenarios, assignments, reflection exercises, multisource feedback, executive coaching (depending on which tier of the programme)	Leadership, communication, strategic planning, negotiation and conflict management, marketing, change, creating wision, managing difficult people, emotional intelligence, finances	 Only 20% of faculty attended basic programme. Overall reaction post-session was positive to extremely positive. Participants noted in assignments that they had applied learning from the programme into their day to day work. 3b. Multiple participants interviewed for a leadership position. 	2	6
'imr, 2013 [110]	Single Canadian hospital	29	Physician leaders.	8 months	Five 1.5 day meetings over 8 months	Multi-source feedback, self- reflection, readings, action learning projects, coaching	Alignment of competencies, a systems and collaborative approach, affective learning strategies	 "average rating for all components was 4.64 on a 6.0-point Likert scale". Components were not specified, nor the anchors of the Likert scale Comments totel increased awareness and understanding of leadership principles. Increased understanding of different leadership roles, accountabilities, and approaches. Some of the individuals from the first cohort continued to work with their coach after the program was over. 	2	6
ircher, 2013 [111]	Single UK deanery (extension of GP training)	NR	Residents (GP trainees)	2 years	Unspecified number of programme days	Didactic teaching, online learning environment, supervision, project work as individuals	The content was guided by the medical leadership competency framework, which includes domains of [1] delivering the service, [2] demonstrating personal qualities, [3] working with others, [4] managing services, [6] minproving services, [6] setting direction	2a. Increased confidence in having difficult conversations 3a. Participants reported improved time management and application of skills learnt	0	6
ochar, 2003 [112]	Single US academic medical centre	30	Faculty members	5 months	72hours - Nine-day course in three-day segments over five months	Sessions, lectures	Managing people, health care finance and accounting, leadership, marketing, health care informatics and information technology, health care quality, health care economics, time management	 Overall course rated 4.6 out of 5 Examples of cross-departmental collaboration have been seen. 	0	6
iese, 2011 [113]	Single US hospital department	NR	Residents (Senior Residents, Emergency Medicine)	1 year	Programme restructure to allocate leadership roles	Residents are allocated a leadership role in their final year of residency	Roles in: Administrative Chief, Resident Education, Resident Research, Journal Club, Medical Student Education, Ultrasonography Education, Resident Reading, Simulation, Information Technology	 1.00% of chiefs felt that the new system allowed the residency to meet more of its goals. All participants said they would recommend their position to other residents 2a. 100% felt their experience encouraged them to seek future leadership roles 3a. 100% felt their experience contributed to them deciding to enter academics. 	n/a	6
herry, 2010 [114]	Single US university	141	Junior faculty	9 months	Two hours per week	Didactic classroom discussions, expert panel presentations, interactive case-based learning, group exercises, skill enhancement workshops, individual project with supervision	Reading - simulatory in mornator recentory Setting goals, mentoring, negotiation and conflict resolution, performance review and compensation, presentation skills, facilitation, teaching, feedback, communication	3a. Look fet their experience Contract of their exclusing to enter durations. I. Participants reported high satisfaction with the programs and with their mentor pairings 2b. Participants reported enhanced skills related to initiating and negotiating a new mentoring relationship 3b. "the projectoften results in one or more scholarly products for the individual"	n/a	6
ohnson, 2014 [115]	Single US hospital department	Unclear (16 respons es to survey)	Residents (Senior medical residents)	1/2 day	3hr seminar focussed on emotional intelligence	Readings, formalized presentation, analysis of videos, role-play	Emotional intelligence	 Seminar was felt by participants to have provided relevant content 	n/a	6
D'Donnell, 2011 [116]	Single US hospital (residency programs)	NR	Residents (PGY1). Numbers not specified	4 weeks	Compulsory first year resident rotation in case management with 2hrs/week for 4 weeks	Lectures, discussions, case presentations	Overview of case management, advocacy, communication, and resource management	 Evaluation broadly positive (>90% agreement with 6 statements); They acknowledge the case managers for their expertise, better understand utilization management, compliance, and coordination of care as a team and how this knowledge has also assisted them in their understanding of the continuum of care and regulations. 	n/a	5.5
Ringdahl, 2014 [117]	Single US residency programme	36	Residents (Family medicine, PGY1-3)	NR	Unclear	Networking, mentoring, role play, simulations, discussions	Awareness of leadership opportunities, understanding organizational dynamics, conflict resolution, negotiation skills, mentoring, and personal wellness.	1. Feedback from participants has been uniformly positive	n/a	5

Supplementary Table 1: Summary of included studies. NR= Not Reported; NOS=Not Otherwise Specified; n/a=not applicable. MERSQI=Medical Education Research Study Quality Instrument; JBI=Joanna Briggs Institute Critical Appraisal Checklist for Qualitative Research.

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MERSQI Component	Classification	All studies (117)	MERSQI>12 (16)	JBI>6 (14)
Study Design	Single Group Cross-Sectional or Post-programme only	54 (46%)	0 (0%)	8 (57%)
	Single Group Pre and Post Programme	54 (46%)	9 (56%)	5 (36%)
	Non-Randomised Two Group	8 (7%)	6 (38%)	0 (0%)
	Randomised Controlled Trial	1 (1%)	1 (6%)	1 (7%)
Institution #	Single	81 (69%)	10 (63%)	9 (64%)
	Double	1 (1%)	1 (6%)	0 (0%)
	Multi	35 (30%)	5 (31%)	5 (36%)
Response Rate	<50% or NR	44 (38%)	3 (19%)	1 (7%)
	50-75%	23 (20%)	3 (19%)	6 (43%)
	>75%	48 (41%)	9 (56%)	7 (50%)
Type of Data	Self-reported	70 (60%)	2 (13%)	9 (64%)
	Observed	47 (40%)	14 (88%)	5 (36%)
Questionnaire Construct Validity	Reported	9 (8%)	7 (44%)	2 (14%)
(Internal Structure)	Not Reported	108 (92%)	9 (56%)	12 (86%)
Questionnaire Content Validity	Reported	45 (38%)	14 (88%)	5 (36%)
(Content)	Not Reported	72 (62%)	2 (13%)	9 (64%)
Relationships to Other Variables	Reported	8 (7%)	5 (31%)	3 (21%)
_	Not Reported	108 (92%)	11 (69%)	11 (79%)
Data Analysis Comprehensiveness	Comprehensive	23 (20%)	14 (88%)	6 (43%)
(Appropriateness)	Less Comprehensive	94 (80%)	2 (13%)	8 (57%)
Data Analysis Complexity	Descriptive only	102 (87%)	7 (44%)	11 (79%)
	Beyond Descriptive	15 (13%)	9 (56%)	3 (21%)
Outcomes (Kirkpatrick Level)	Level 1	80 (68%)	8 (50%)	14 (100%)
	Level 2a	70 (60%)	7 (44%)	13 (93%)
	Level 2b	79 (68%)	11 (69%)	11 (79%)
	Level 3a	51 (44%)	7 (44%)	10 (71%)
	Level 3b	54 (46%)	14 (88%)	7 (50%)
	Level 4a	9 (8%)	1 (6%)	2 (14%)
	Level 4b	26 (22%)	7 (44%)	4 (29%)

Supplementary Table 2: Study characteristics organised by MERSQI heading. Brackets in headings refer to original MERQSI items where headings have been adapted for clarity.

JBI Component	Description of component	High-reliability studies (n=14)	Mixed-Methods Studies (n=53)	Qualitative Studies (n=10)
Philosophical Perspective	Congruity between the stated philosophical perspective and the research methodology	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Objectives	Congruity between the research methodology and the research question or objectives	39 (63%)	33 (62%)	6 (60%)
Methods	Congruity between the research methodology and the methods used to collect data	38 (61%)	32 (60%)	6 (60%)
Analysis	Congruity between the research methodology and the representation and analysis of data	18 (29%)	15 (28%)	3 (30%)
Interpretation	Congruity between the research methodology and the interpretation of results	17 (27%)	13 (25%)	4 (40%)
Researcher Location	Statement locating the researcher culturally or theoretically	10 (16%)	8 (15%)	2 (20%)
Researcher Influence	Influence of the researcher on the research addressed	13 (21%)	12 (23%)	1 (10%)
Participant Representation	Participants and their voices adequately represented	21 (34%)	16 (30%)	5 (50%)
Ethics	<i>Evidence of ethical approval by an appropriate body</i>	26 (42%)	23 (43%)	3 (30%)
Conclusions Supported	Conclusions drawn in the research report flow from the analysis or interpretation of the data	20 (32%)	16 (30%)	4 (40%)

Supplementary Table 3: Proportion of studies which met Joanna Briggs Institute (JBI) Critical Appraisal Items for Qualitative Studies. Descriptions are adapted from the JBI tool. Higher Reliability Studies scored 6 or more on the JBI tool.

#▲	Searches	Results	Туре	Actions	Annotations	
1	PHYSICIANS/	87338	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	Contrac
2	PHYSICIAN EXECUTIVES/	4211	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
3	CONSULTANTS/	6648	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
4	INTERNSHIP/	48084	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
5	RESIDENCY/	48084	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
6	MEDICAL STAFF/	2559	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
7	(physician* or surgeon* or doctor* or intern or interns or residen* or registrar* or consultant* or "house officer*" or "medical staff*").ti.	230256	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
8	1 or 2 or 3 or 4 or 5 or 6 or 7	304607	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
9	LEADERSHIP/	40117	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
10	PRACTICE MANAGEMENT/	1344	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
11	"leader*".ti.	21361	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
12	(practice and manag*).ti.	9878	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
13	9 or 10 or 11 or 12	58933	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
14	PROGRAM EVALUATION/	61451	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
15	PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT/	28428	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
16	CURRICULUM/	73527	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
17	EDUCATION, MEDICAL, CONTINUING/	24544	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
18	EDUCATION, MEDICAL, GRADUATE/	28493	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
19	(teach* or train* or educat* or course* or program* or pathway* or curricul*).ti.	783506	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
20	14 or 15 or 16 or 17 or 18 or 19	873227	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
21	8 and 13 and 20	1068	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
22	limit 21 to yr="2013 -Current"	461	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
23	GENERAL PRACTITIONERS/	7485	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
24	FAMILY PHYSICIANS/	16222	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
25	MEDICAL STAFF,HOSPITAL/	22748	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
26	(GP or GPs or "general practitioner*" or "family practitioner*").ti.	22053	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
27	23 or 24 or 25 or 26	60255	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
28	13 and 20 and 27	161	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
29	limit 28 to yr="2013 -Current"	63	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	
30	29 not 22	40	Advanced	Display Results More	\Box	

Supplementary Figure 1: Medline (OVID) Search Strategy, January 2020